

Compound interest formula:

$$\text{Future Value} = \text{Original value} \left(1 + \frac{\text{interest}}{\text{number of Compounding periods/yr}} \right)^{\text{(number of Compounding periods/yr)} \times \text{(time in years)}}$$

$$A = P \left(1 + \frac{i}{n} \right)^{nt}$$

$$y = ac^{bx}$$

Which is better, 4% compounded annually or 3.9% compounded monthly or 3.8% compounded weekly?

Any starting amount and any time.

$$P=100 \quad t=1$$

$$4\%. \quad A = 100 \left(1 + \frac{0.04}{1}\right)^{1(1)} = 104$$

$$3.9\%. \quad A = 100 \left(1 + \frac{0.039}{12}\right)^{12(1)} = 103.97$$

$$3.8\%. \quad A = 100 \left(1 + \frac{0.038}{52}\right)^{52(1)} = 103.87$$

Increasing the number of compounding periods increases the interest but is not as significant as the interest rate.

p.97 #2-6

Quiz tomorrow

↳ using logs