

Factoring allows us to solve complex equations like quadratic equations.

Factoring is the opposite of distributing.

Factored form       $2(x-5) = 2x-10$       Expanded form

← factor  
→ distribute

The simplest method is factoring a common factor.

$3x+12$        $3 \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline x & 4 \\ \hline 3x & 12 \\ \hline \end{array}$        $5x^2-30x$        $5x \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline x & -6 \\ \hline 5x^2 & -30x \\ \hline \end{array}$

$= 3(x+4)$       factored       $= 5x(x-6)$

check  $3x+12$

$6x-15$

$= 3(2x-5)$

$-x-5$

$= -(x+5)$